



**SWATI**  
**2019-20**

# ANNUAL REPORT



# Table of Contents

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Page</b>
<b>Message of the Secretary</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>SWATI an Introduction</b>	<b>4-8</b>
<b>Livelihood and Natural Resource Management</b>	<b>9-28</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Odisha Forest Sector Development Project</li><li>• Millet Mission</li><li>• Nabard Wadi</li><li>• Stress Tolerant Rice Variety (STRV) promotion</li></ul>	
<b>Health</b>	<b>29 - 42</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Targeted Intervention Programme</li><li>• Maternity waiting Home ( MAA GRUHA )</li><li>• Delivery Van and Bike Ambulance</li><li>• Promote right for Adolescent &amp; Children on Develop initiative programme</li><li>• Village Contact Drive on Malaria Awareness – DAMAN</li></ul>	
<b>Gender Mainstreaming and Education</b>	<b>43 - 54</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Marriage No Child's Play ( MNCP )</li><li>• Early Childhood Care and Education ( ECCE)</li><li>• National Institute of Open Schooling ( NIOS)</li><li>• Study Research and Documentation</li></ul>	
<b>Panchayati Raj and Governance</b>	<b>55 - 57</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Social Audit</li><li>• Formation and Strengthening of CBOs</li><li>• Advocacy and Awareness</li><li>• Social watch monitoring</li></ul>	
<b>An Appeal</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>Statutory Information</b>	<b>58</b>

# Message of the Secretary

Dear all,

It is my great pleasure to share SWATI's Annual report for the year 2019-20 on behalf of the friends and well-wishers of SWATI. It is sure that showcasing annual figures, graphs and progress seems less inspiring and important is what did we learn and what we want to do now, basis, facts and so much experience. We look bemused at the time past thinking of the challenges, the difficulties and the hardship we could overcome. Neither challenges nor opportunities have swept us off our feet.

SWATI has successfully completed two decades of its journey towards creating an egalitarian and empowered society through its social service and entered a new Decade. Two decades experience added is difficult to say, especially when we are changing the narratives of SWATI with a fresh energy, direction and collectiveness.

As social development analyser when we are looking towards future social change prospective, we are seeing lots of challenges in life and livelihoods security of the marginalised communities in the context of Climate Change. The Tribal and Rural poor, those survives on agriculture and animal husbandry are facing life and livelihood threats due to lack of Climate Change adaptation strategies. It has increased food, income and nutrition insecurity and created health hazards, mass migration and economic burden on rural community. In our State we have been faced regular natural disasters since 30 years due to climate change effect and beared huge human and property loss. Similarly the eradicate rainfall, increase in heat, unbalancing climatic condition has affected the agricultural production and availability of forest and aqua products. So now it is necessary and important for social service organisations like us to prepare the community for climate change action and adoption strategies.

Similarly it is expected that the coming decade will create new challenges on skill development and self-employment of rural educated mass. Till now there is a big gap in management of community need, community skill building and common resource utilisation process. There is not any scope in village level for skilled youth mass for employment and they are migrating to cities for income and employment. So now it is necessary to create employment opportunities in village level to motivate the youth mass to engage themselves in their own locality.

In coming days SWATI has planned to take steps on these major issues. With all its on-going programes SWATI has planned to strengthen the community process to safeguard the communal harmony, community coping mechanisms, Community Coherence and Voluntary actions.

I take this opportunity to express our sincere gratitude to the stakeholders in our operational area and donors/support agencies – District administration, DRDA, DWSSM, CDM, PHO, Kandhamal, PSU OTELP, Ministry of ST & SC Development & Ministry of Urban Development, Govt. of Odisha, OSFDP, DFO Bhanjanagar, Odisha Millet Mission, SDTT Mumbai, OSACS, IRRI, CRY, TATA Trust, NABARD, OWDM, NIOS, SAVE THE CHILDREN for their co-operation. The year ahead beckon us for dedicated action and commitment and with support and guidance we are determined to bring the changes we have envisaged.



With Solidarity  
**Er. Hari Sankar Rout**  
Secretary, SWATI

# SWATI an Introduction

Social Welfare Agency & Training Institute (SWATI) a non-government, Not-for-profit organization has been serving for the cause of the poor and marginalized since last 21 years in the state of Odisha. It is registered under SRA, 1860 bearing registration number I.G.R. 21030/169/1999. It is also registered under the foreign Contribution Regulation Act (FCRA), 1976 bearing registration number 105030007/2002, under the 12AA & 80G of IT Act 1961 and under the Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 bearing registration number OR/BAM/11047/2012.

For SWATI it is 21<sup>st</sup> year in social development since its formation in the year 1999. The same year some progressive and educated young friends under the leadership of Er.Harisankar Rout formed the organisation with the goal of alternative social development of the poor and marginalised section of the society. Initially the organisation started its intervention in Natural Resource Management by adopting the watershed approach through community mobilisation in Tikabali and Phiringia block of Kandhamal district. In the years that followed it took on variety of programmes on different issues like Health, livelihood, Education, Women empowerment, Youth organisation, Mother and child care, Good Governance and Prevention of Child marriage etc. During this time period the organisation has achieved many exemplary achievements on Natural Resource Management activities, Malaria and AIDs prevention, improvement in Mother and child health, Youth mobilisation, community organisation and income generation etc. Through implementation of MGNREGA, WADI, Watershed and other government convergence activities the organisation has promoted above two thousand acres of fruit orchards, developed one thousand hectors of land, provided irrigation facility to two thousand acres of land through



Check Dams, Dug wells and water pumps in Kandhamal district. It has also provided pipe water supply to 25 remote villages through DBI in the district. It has promoted above two thousand self-help groups in Kandhamal, Khordha, Ganjam and Boudh district and facilitated them for different income generation activities and entrepreneurs. During this time the area and scope of its work has expanded to more districts and more families. The Field operation of the Organization is spread across all 12 blocks ( Tikabali, Baliguda, Kotagarh, Daringbadi, K. Nuagoan, Phiringia, Phulbani, Tumudibandha, Khajuripada, G.Udaygiri, Chakapada & Raikia ) of Kandhamal District, Bhanjanagar & Jagannath Prasad Block and Berhampur city of Ganjam District, Boudh NAC and Capital City Bhubaneswar of Odisha. The organisation has also achieved state and national recognitions for its excellence in work.



Healthy and self-reliant community life with dignity ensuring equal opportunity, rights, liberty, justice that enables participation, informed decision-making and creates ability to resolve the issue.



Capacitating the weaker section, especially the women and the tribal through skill building, leadership development, micro credit, natural resource management and increasing demand generation of entitlements with a special focus on enhancing opportunity for sustainable livelihoods and self-reliance.



SWATI always carries these following values to achieve its mission and objectives

**Team Work** – SWATI believes in Team work and has been giving importance to act as a Team in decision making, implementation and execution of works.

**Transparency** – SWATI has been maintaining Transparency in all its works and Records for public and Community.

**Community Participation** – SWATI has been ensuring participation of community in planning, execution and implementation of its programs.

**Gender Justice** – SWATI respects and gives equal opportunity to women and creates environment for Gender Justice.

**Respect to Community Value** – SWATI always gives respect the Community Values of Natural living, thoughts, culture and tradition for social harmony and traditional knowledges related to nature.

**Protection of Constitutional values and rights** – SWATI gives importance to protect the values related to secularism, communal harmony, Sovereignty and democracy and creates awareness to perform citizens’ duty to protect the Constitutional values.

### Thrust Areas

Development of Livelihood resource base through Natural Resource Management

Creation of Support and Sustainable livelihoods opportunities emphasizing optimum use of local resources

Preventive and promotive health services through people’s education, creation of community cadres and streamlining of service delivery.

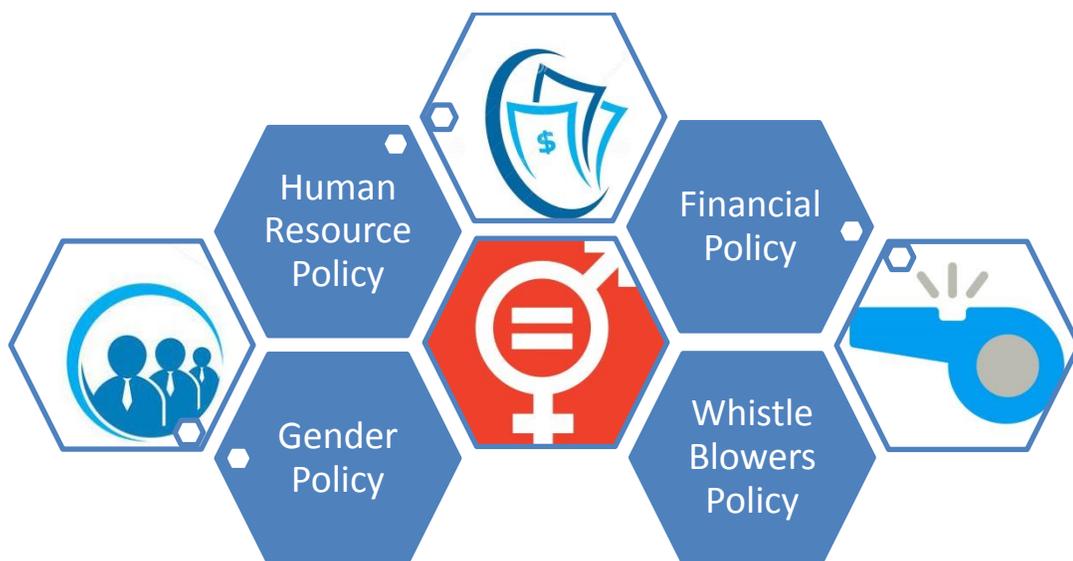
Transparent and Accountable Governance through grassroots mobilization, Rights education, Knowledge and skill building

Formation and nurturing of Community based organizations and their federations.

Promotion of the Culture of “Unity in Diversity” through Youth Mobilization

Protection of Women Right, Protection of Girl Child and Child’s right, Prevention of Child marriage through Youth, Girl and Women mobilization.

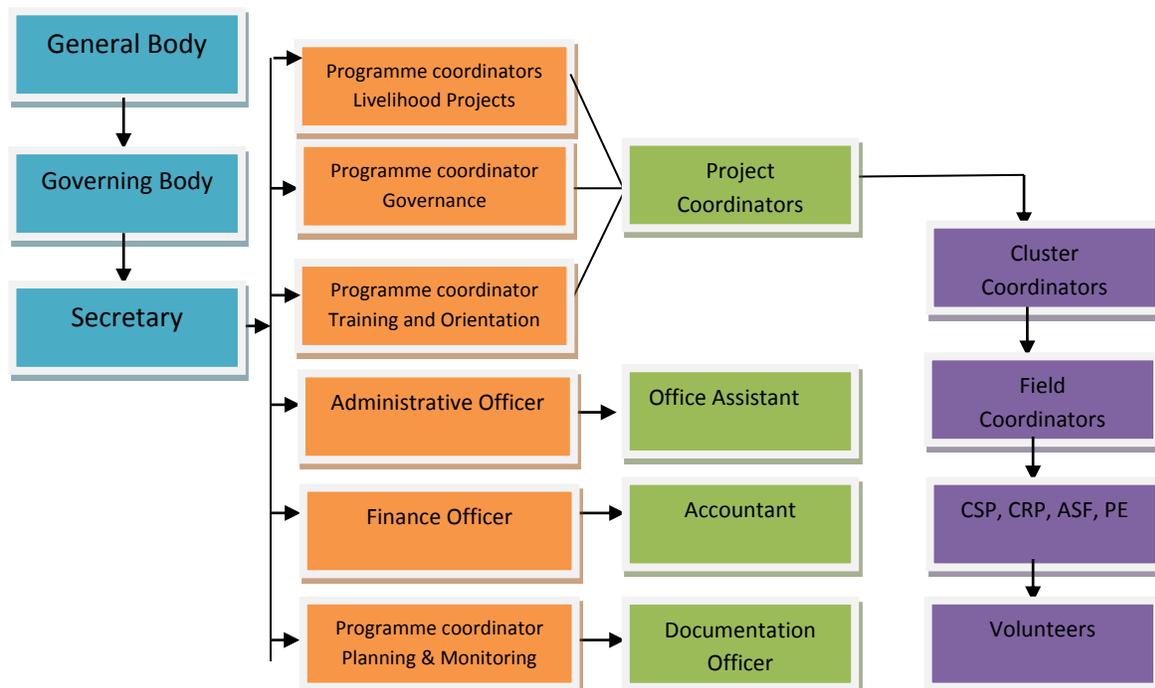
### Policies of SWATI



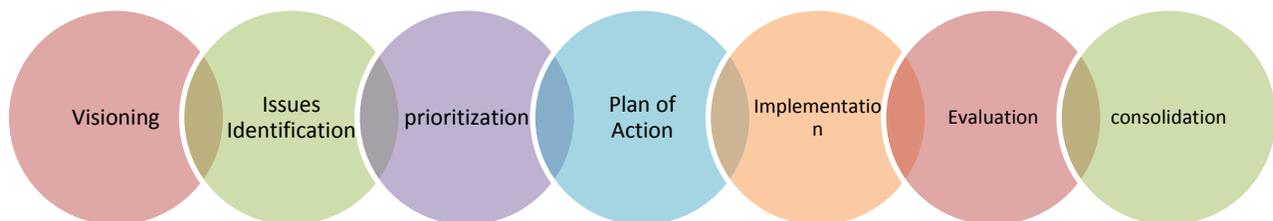
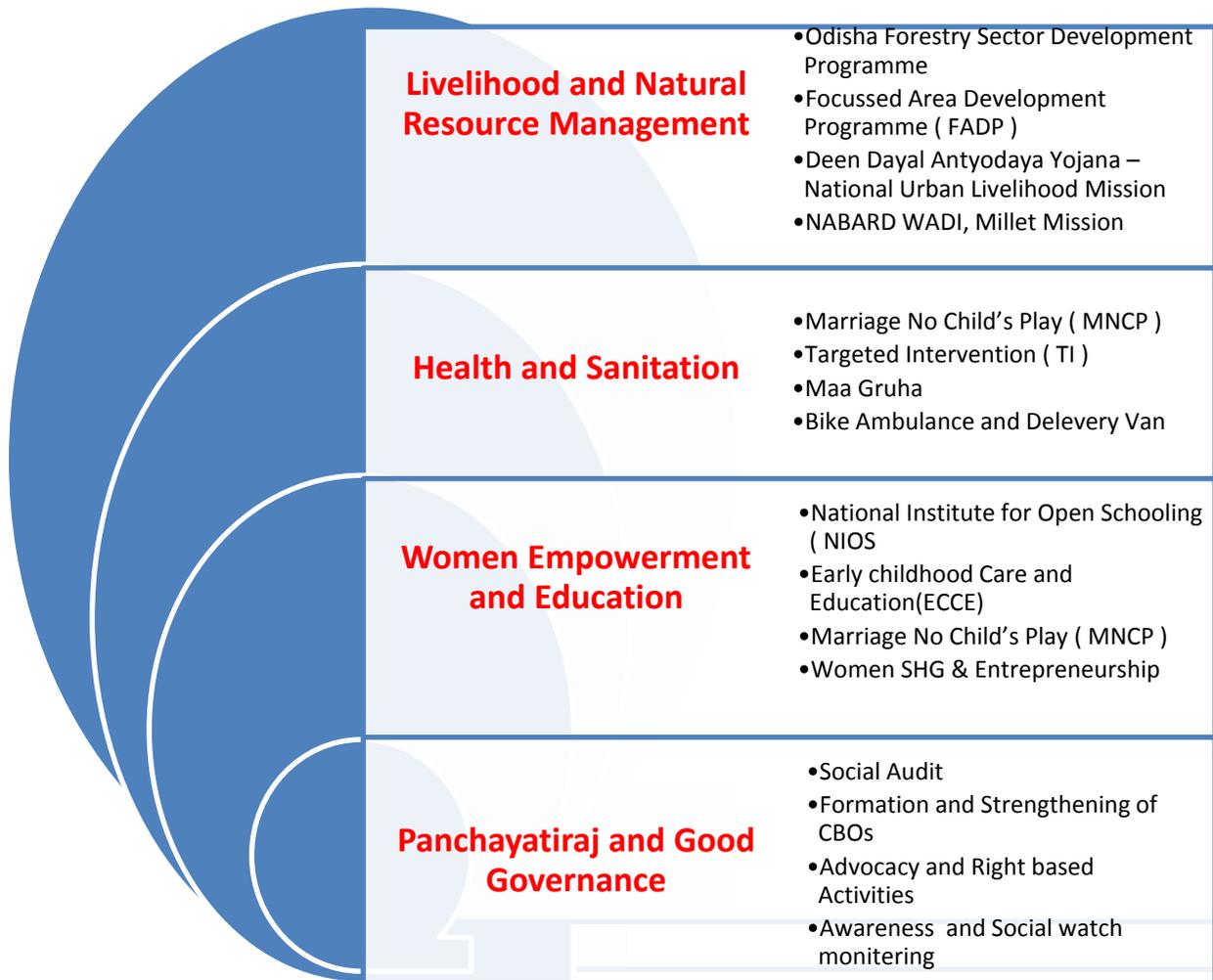
## Procedures of SWATI

- SWATI is a platform of strong and vibrant group of development activists, experienced and dedicated workers, professionals and intellectuals. All these members are associated in the three different bodies of the organization.
- The General Body and the Governing Body of the Organisation have Development Professionals and Activists with representation from different social groups. Meeting of the General Body and Governing Body are held twice in a year. Governing Body takes Policy decision and deliberates on strategy issues.
- The Secretary is supported by Programme Coordinators, Finance Officer and Administrative Officer. Programme Coordinators are supported by Field Coordinators and Cluster Coordinators.
- SWATI's field operations are organized under different projects in their respective areas of implementation. It has four broad wings i.e Programme, Administration, Accounts and Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation.
- The ratio of women workers are nearly 50%, whereas above 70% workers are from the district and working area. SWATI always emphasizes to develop the skills and capacity of the worker through training, workshop and exposures.

## Organisational Structure of SWATI



## Major Programmes of SWATI



## Legal Identity of SWATI

- Registration number I.G.R. 21030/169/1999.
- FCRA-1976 registration number 105030007/2002
- Registered under the 12AA & 80G of IT Act 1961
- Registered under the EPF and Miscellaneous Provisions Act-1952 bearing registration number OR/BAM/11047/2012



## LIVELIHOOD and NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Sustainable livelihood is a way of thinking about the objectives, scope and priorities for development, in order to enhance progress in poverty elimination. Sustainable livelihood aims to help poor people achieve lasting improvements against the indicators of poverty that they define. A livelihood will be sustainable when it can cope with and recover from stress and shocks and maintain or enhance its capacities and assets, both now and in the future, while not undermining the natural resource base. Most of the undernourished and food-insecure people are subsistence tribal farmers living in inaccessible areas who are reliant on natural resources. These poor rural households generally have small landholdings, insecure tenure, little or no financial capital and poor access to markets, infrastructure (e.g. roads, health services) and employment opportunities.

These factors mean that for many people, natural resources are their most accessible source of food, water, energy, shelter and income. Increasingly, these people's livelihoods, and more specifically their food security and nutritional status, are at risk because the productive capacity of the resource base is declining in both quality and quantity. The resource base no longer

provides enough food, clean drinking water or sources of income. A number of factors contribute to processes of resource degradation, including population pressure, deforestation, reduced fallows, overgrazing and climatic stress. The rural poor, especially women and tribal people, are particularly affected because they may be landless and rely on common property resources or may not have secure rights, limiting their access to and control over productive resources.



Development Activities based on a systematic analysis of poverty and its causes taking into account informed view of opportunities and priorities of the people are the building blocks of SWATI's Livelihoods Programme. Livelihoods Intervention of the organisation encompasses promotion of optimal use of local resources, raising production and productivities of the existing livelihoods portfolios, skill building and handholding support for diversification and encouraging entrepreneurship among the marginalized sections of the community. SWATI's Intervention in Natural Resource Management showcases its approach of placing people and their priorities firmly at the centre of its engagement with the partner community.





## **Livelihood Opportunities of Forest dependent Communities through Sustainable Forest Management**

**Odisha Forest Sector Development Project ( Ama Jangala Yojana - OFSDP – Phase II )**

### **Project Background**

Ama Jangala Yojana is a flagship programme of Government of Odisha being implementing by Odisha Forest Sector Development Society ( OFSDS )in Joint Forest Management mode covering 700 VSS and Eco development Committees spread over 30 forest and wildlife divisions. SWATI has been selected to implement this programme with 100 VSS in 4 FMUs coming under the Ghumushar North DMU and during this year it has started implementing with two FMU Mujagada and Jagannath Prasad under Ghumushar North Forest Division in Ganjam district.

### **Aim and Objectives of this Project**

The AJY scheme aims to achieve sustainable forest management in the project area through forest restoration initiatives along with providing income generating and livelihood opportunities to the forest dependent communities, so that the pressure on adjoining forest is relieved/reduced. The main objectives of AJY Scheme are – To conserve and restore degraded forests through forest restoration initiatives, To arrest further degradation of forests through participatory forest conservation and management strategy, To empower forest dependent communities by building their capacity to participate in the sustainable forest management and to improve the livelihood opportunities of the forest dependent communities so as to reduce their dependence on forests.

## Activities and Achievements of this year

### Activities in Jagannath Prasad FMU area in convergence with concerned Departments

SL.NO	Activity Name	Name of the Department	Scheme	HH Benefitted	No's of VSS Benefitted	Amount ( Rs)
1	Green Gram Seed Distribution	Agriculture	State Plan	47	7	9400
2	Banaraj Chicks Distribution	Vetenary		55	8	85250
3	IHHL Construction	Panchayatraj	SBM	119	8	1428000
4	Hybrid Vegetable Cultivation	Horticulture	NHM	2	2	20000
5	Sweet Corn Cultivation	Agriculture	State Plan	12	5	31200
6	Sunflower Cultivation	Agriculture	TRF	5	2	1500
7	Solar Based Drinking water Supply	Panchayatraj	Rural Drinking water Supply	120	3	600000
8	CC Road Construction	Panchayatraj	GGY	34	2	540000
9	Metal Morum Road Construction	Panchayatraj	MGNREGS	80	2	2000000
10	Cashew Plantation	Horticulture	NHM	5	2	80000
11	Custard Apple Cultivation	Horticulture	RKVY	15	2	140000
12	Coconut Cultivation	Horticulture	NHM	3	2	4400
13	Mustard Seed Distribution	Agriculture	State Plan	4	1	1300
14	Animal Health Camp	Veterinary	State Plan	280	14	7000
15	Fish Farming through SHG	Fishery	State Plan	20	2	200000
16	Potato Cultivation	Horticulture	RKVY	4	2	4400
17	Street Light Instillation	Panchayatraj	State Plan	75	2	231000
18	Vermi Compost Instillation	Horticulture	NHM	10	5	25000
19	Mushroom Farming through SHG Members	Horticulture	NHM	44	2	288000

20	Water Harvesting Structure	Panchayatraj	MGNREGS	40	1	700000
21	Pond Compound wall Construction	Panchayatraj	MGNREGS	14	1	500000
22	New UJALA Gas Connection	Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas	UJALA	20	10	5000
23	DDUGKY Counselling and Placed in Jobs	Panchayatraj	DDUGKY	24	8	
24	Eye Health Camp	Health	other	20	1	10000
25	Onion Seed Distribution	Horticulture	NHM	5	2	6500

### Activities in Mujagada FMU area in convergence with concerned Departments

SL.NO	Activity Name	Name of the Department	Scheme	HH Benefitted	No's of VSS Benefitted	Amount ( Rs)
1	Animal Health Camp	Veterinary	State Plan	697	25	1,50,000
2	Banaraj Chicks Distribution	Veterinary		29	6	16,625
3	Agr Equipment	Soil Conservation	Watershed	30	1	300,000
4	School Boundary Constrution	DRDA	KALIA	205	2	2,60,000
5	Village CC Road	Panchayati Raj	GGY	473	4	18,80,000
6	Apple Plant Distribution	Horticulture Mission	State	7	2	29,250
7	Mustard Seed Distribution	Horticulture Mission	State	8	1	3,200
8	Mango, Coconut plant Distribution	Panchayati Raj	State	26	1	1560
9	Maize & Sweet corn Cultivation	Horticulture Mission	State	4	1	6000
10	Onion Cultivation	Horticulture Mission	State	11	4	19,250
11	Pulses Cultivation	Agriculture	RKVY	40	2	16,000
12	Leaf plate Machine	Forest & Environment		20	1	102,500
13	Vermin Compostt	Gramin Product		30	8	75,000
14	Health Camp	H&FW	Samanta Swas	243	4	-

15	Ujjala Led	Panchayati Raj	Ama Ghara Led	220	3	52,800
16	LPG Gas	Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas	UJALA	28	2	44,800
17	Organic Farming Training	Agriculture	State	180	3	19,500
18	Mushroom Cultivation	ATMA	State Plan	23	1	6,500
19	PMKB Training	Agriculture	State	40	1	6,500
20	Potato Cultivation	Horticulture	NHM	5	1	9,000
21	Swing Machine	Forest & Environment	Campa	51	5	22,500
22	Paddy Threasure	Agriculture	Farm Mechanism	6	2	21,000
23	Hand Wash Preparation Training	Sun Temple International	Skill Dev. & Marketing	11	1	3,000
24	Paper Bag Preparation Training	PNGO	Skill Dev. & Marketing	2	1	2,500
25	Solar Based Drinking Water	RWSS		173	3	13,75,000
	Vegetable Kit	Horticulture	RKVY	82	7	16,400
	Gender Training	PNGO	General Fund	70	15	10,138
	Solar Street light	Panchayati Raj	Ama Gaon Ama Vikas	175	2	45,500
	Papaya Farming	Horticulture Mission	State	1	1	12,000
	Atta Chaki	OAIC	Direct Beneficiary Transfer	2	1	50,000
	Rice Huller	OAIC	Direct Beneficiary Transfer	11	2	1,01,000

In Mujagada FMU SWATI has organized orientations Camps on Rain water management for 347 farmers covering 21 VSS, SHG Trainings for women SHG members, Annual Review camp of OFSDP. It has also organized Vana Mahotsaba Week in villages, Malaria awareness campaign, Campaign on Beti Bachao Beti Padhao, Swachhata campaign, World Environment Day, National Nutrition Day, International Women's Day, SHG Product Mela, Campaign on Mo Gelha Jhia, Mo Gaon re Tahasil etc in village and cluster level.



Similarly in Jagannath Prasad FMU area the Organisation has organized VSS Executive Meetings, SHG Meetings, Water Table Data Collection, Individual Household Survey, Survey and Demarcation in Forest Assigned Areas, Fire Protection Awareness Meetings, Cluster Level PRA Exercise on Micro Plan Preparation Training, Community Mobilization Trainings at VSS Level and Observation of National Environment Day, “VANO MAHOTSAV” Week, International Women’s Day etc.

### Impact

The Agricultural Developmental activities and assistances have increased the income level of families and given food and nutrition security to them.

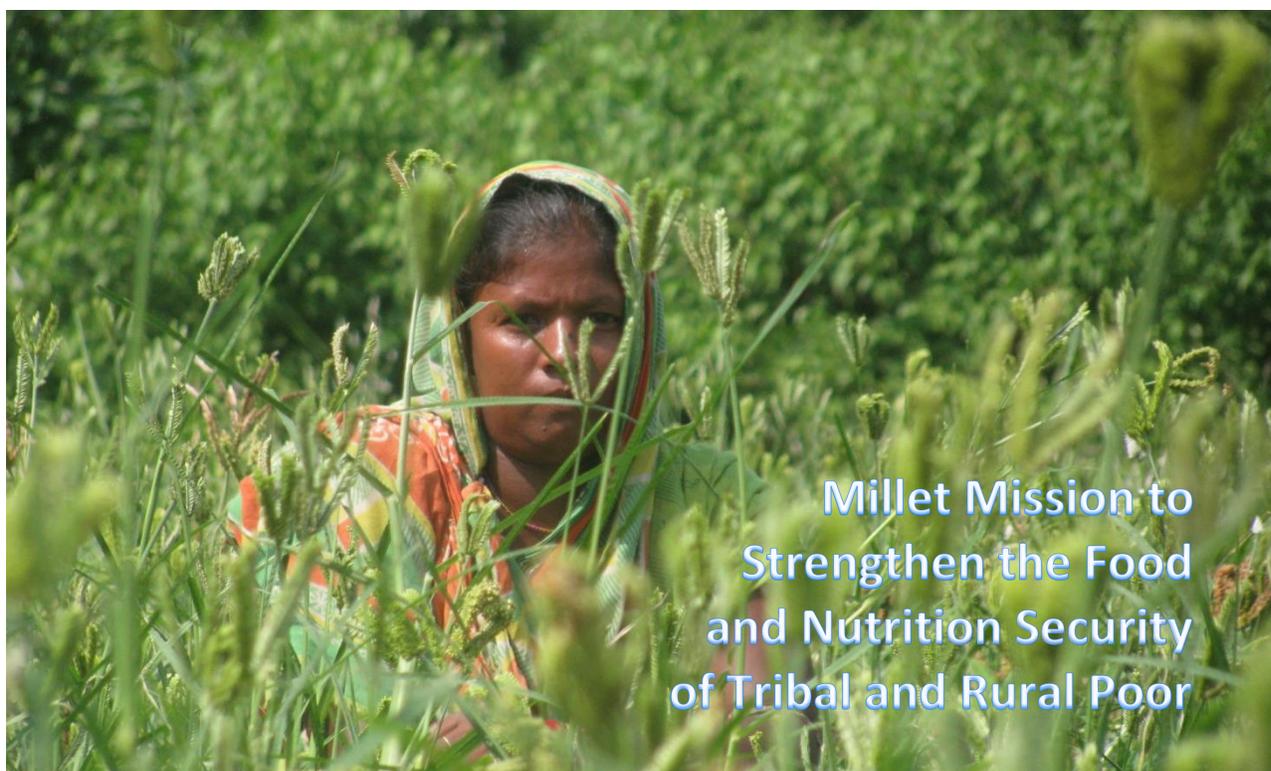
The Income generation activities through women SHGs have given them the chance to increase in income, increase in saving, and relationship with block, bank and other institutions, taking decisions and to adopt different income opportunities.

The infrastructural development assistance like road, drinking water, electricity and other construction works have enriched the village life.

The Capacity building activities has strengthened the community based organisations and developed their awareness on different government provisions and citizen rights.

This initiative has organised the community to protect the natural forest through Joint Forest Management process and encouraged the villagers to strengthen their forest based livelihood through proper management and protection of forest.





### **Project Background**

The Tribal and Rural Poor have a long history of cultivation and consumption of Millets for their food, nutrition and also crop security. But gradually the dominance of rice and lack of support for millet processing and marketing have pulled these crops to the door of extinction. This process has not only created nutritional deficiency among the rural farmers but also disrupted their farming sovereignty. To revive the millets, Odisha Millet Mission, a flagship programme called "Special Programme for Promotion of Millets in Tribal Areas" has been launched by Department of Agriculture & Farmers Empowerment, Odisha. Programme intends to revive millets in rain fed farming systems and household consumption.

SWATI is implementing this programme in 12 grampanchayats like Petapanga, Raikia, Mandakia, Beredakia, Dadingia, Sugadabadi, Gumamaha, Manikeswara, Karada, Badabaraba, Indragada and Ranaba of Raikia block in Kandhamal district. 8 of these Panchayats are situated in remote hill tracks.

### **Aims and Objectives of the Project**

The main objective of this programme is to Increase household consumption of millets by about 25% to enhance household nutrition security, to promote millet processing enterprises at Gram Panchayats and Block Level, to improve productivity of millets crops and make them profitability and to develop millets enterprises and establishing market linkages to urban/rural markets with focus on women entrepreneurs.



## Activities and Achievements of this Year

Total 1170 farmers of 12 GPs have revived millet cultivation in their land. 284 farmers have adopted Systematic Millet Intensification method in 96.6 hectare land in both Rabi and Kharif to increase their production. 460 farmers have cultivated rainy crops in their 211 hectare land and 161 farmers have cultivated winter crops in 123 hectare land.



54 farmers have revived small millet in 9.4 hectares land and 44 farmers have cultivated pearl millet in 4 hectares land. 157 farmers have practiced mixed farming with millets in their 30 hectares land.

430 quintals of finger millet from 371 farmers is collected and marketed through Farmers Producers Company.

The Farmers are oriented on Systematic Millet Intensification method, Bio-fertiliser preparation and application, pest and disease management, seed selection and storage etc. The Farmers are also provided high yielding seeds with other agricultural inputs.

The farmers are linked with different departments and institutions for agricultural, climatic and marketing information. 321 farmers are linked with TDCC, 325 farmers with Direct benefit Transfer and 285 in Mobile App.

SWATI has organized community level food festivals on different millet based foods and created sensitization on its nutrition value among the villagers.

## Impact



All the Millet farmers have produced 30 percent more crops in SMI farming system related to their traditional farming practice and more farmers are interested to cultivate this crop in coming season.

This process has encouraged the farmers to revive the millet based crops on their field and many farmers are interested to cultivate it in coming season.

The SMI method of millet cultivation has attracted the farmers and they have realized the increased quality and quantity of the crops through this method and also calculated the margin of benefits.

This process has also revived the traditional mixed cropping practice among the farmers. They have cultivated it with other traditional crops and got crop protection through this practice.

The revival of millet crops has brought returns the nutrition varieties in their food recipes and created encouragement among the women. The women members are influenced by food festivals taking interest to make different millet recipes at home.

The fallow lands are converted to millet farm lands and it generated more income and production.



### **Project Background**

This WADI model is a holistic approach addressing the food security, income security, land water management and increase in production through fruit orchard development. This programme also includes other components like Water Resource management, Soil and water conservation, Drudgery reduction of women, Sustainable Agricultural Practice, Improved Agriculture, Cooperative Marketing and Integration of Landless. SWATI has been implementing Orchard based Livelihood Programme WADI with the support of NABARD in Kutia Kandha villages of Belaghar, Bilamal and Gumma panchayats since 2014-15.

### **Aims and Objectives of the Project**

The project aimed to harness the potential of available land, water and human resources for enhancing livelihood opportunities for tribal families. The main objective of this programme is to give Livelihood and Income security of Poor tribal families from fruit bearing Orchard WADI. With this objective the programme also aimed to improve the standard of living of the families, developing unutilized and sloping lands into productive asset, Emphasis on sustainable farming practice, combining livelihood activities having different gestation period and improving the food and nutrition security through intercropping.



## Activities and Achievements

Under this programme SWATI has promoted 725.5 Acres of fruit orchard of 789 farmers covering 42 villages of 3 Grampanchayats. The tribal families having land holding less than five acres are selected as beneficiary and each family are given support for maximum one acre WADI development. SWATI has given support for land development, pit digging, Fruit and border plant saplings, fertilizer and pesticide and field management. SWATI has been also given training to the farmers on pest management, water management, mulching, Compost and bio fertilizer preparation, intercropping etc. The Organisation has provided irrigation facility to WADI fields and supported seeds and agricultural implements for intercropping. SWATI has arranged Wire mesh fencing support in convergence with different Govt departments.



42 Udyana Vikash Samitis are formed in WADI villages to strengthen inter relationship among the farmers. SWATI has also formed a Farmers Producers Company named Surgabhata Producers Company covering 400 WADI farmers for collective marketing of WADI products. 70 SHGs, 78 JLGs and 30 farmers club are formed in WADI villages.

SWATI has adopted in-situ soil conservation measures to arrest soil degradation and developed protective irrigation for fruit plants.

The Organisation has provided improved farming techniques, capacity building trainings and exposures to farmers for plant protection and production enhancement. The Udyana Vikash Samiti members are oriented on inter cropping, care of fruit bearing plants. fruit collection and storage etc.

The landless families are supported for Backyard poultry farming, small business and other skill based activities for livelihood enhancement.

The Wadi farmers are supported with Vermin Compost Pit construction, seeds and agricultural inputs for intercropping.



The farmers are supported Turmeric, Ginger, Potato, Niger and pulses seeds through convergence with line departments like Kutia Kandha Development Agency, District Agriculture Department, District Horticulture Mission and others for agricultural development. They are also supported for Minor Millet cultivation like, Maize, finger millet, Fox tail Millet, Little millet, Pearl millet and Tissue Culture Banana plantation in their WADI fields.

Land development activities and Chhanel renovation works are done through MGNREGA.

The women SHGs are given capacity building trainings on group dynamic, leadership, Bank linkage, thrift and credit and different income generation activities. They are also supported for poultry farming, agribusiness and vegetable farming.

The UVS members are oriented on Plant care, watering, disease and pest management, fruit collection and storage methods.

### **Surgabhata Farmers Producer Company Ltd**



SWATI has promoted a Farmers Producer Company (FPO) of WADI farmers named Surgabhata Farmers Producers Company Ltd. to create an enabling policy environment for investment in Farmers Producer Organisations and to leverage their Collective Marketing Power. The FPO is registered in Company act and the registration no is

U01403OR2016PTC020037. Till now 518 members including 146 women farmers of 30 villages of five GPs are enlisted in it and a ten member's executive body is also formed. 600 Share Holders are enrolled in FPO and Rs 120, 000/- share capital has collected.

The FPO members are oriented on Company management, Book keeping, Marketing and packaging methods. They are also linked with different marketing agencies and financial institutions.

The FPO has attended different state and district level exhibitions to sale and exhibit its products. This year the FPO has collected and marketed 25 quintals of Mango, 25 quintals pulses, 15 Quintals oil seeds, 20 Quintals of millets and 15 Quintals of forest products. It has also established one Rice processing and one Millet processing unit at Belaghar and a pack house with the support of ITDA.

Similarly SWATI has promoted another three Farmer's Producer Companies (FPO) in the district with the support from NABARD. Urnati Farmers Producer Company Ltd. at G.Udayagiri, Udyagi Farmers Producer Company Ltd. at Gutingia and Hatisala Farmers Producer Company Ltd. at K.Nuagaon. All these FPOs have got registered and engaged in Collection & Sale of Agriculture, Horticulture and Minor Forest Products.



## Impact

This initiative has minimised the dependency on sifting cultivation and checked the migration. It has also provided work and employment through intercropping and vegetable cultivation. Sifting cultivation has reduced to 50% among the WADI families. Similarly youth migration has reduced to 30% because of engagement in agricultural and horticultural activities.

Whole year vegetable intercropping in WADI patches is providing fresh and nutritious foods to the families and reducing women drudgery in kitchen management.

The intercropping Practice has revived the mix cropping practice and crop diversity in farmer's field. Cultivation of Millet crops, root varieties, oil seeds and leaf vegetables in the WADI field have given equal taste and variety of Crops from sifting cultivation. It has also motivated the farmers for improved and seasonal vegetable cultivation and has given comfortable earning according to market demand.

725.5 Acres of fallow land are converted to fruit orchards and have given a sustainable source of livelihood to 789 farmers. The vulnerable families those were not able to develop their lands are now owners of fruit orchards. Similarly the older persons and Dibyanga persons, those were unable to move outside villages for labour work are finding engagement in WADI fields.

The Farmers are organized and farmers to Farmers interaction and knowledge exchange processes have revived. The women farmers are organized in groups and accessed banking facility for income generation activities. Formation of Farmers Producers Company has given strength and marketing confidence among the farmers. The marketing strategy through FPO has increased the marketing skill and knowledge of farmers and the exploitation chain of business men has disrupted.

Now other departments like horticulture, KKDA and forest department are also following the success of WADI and promoting more plantation fields in the area.



### **Project Background**

Ministry of Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation, Government of India is implementing the Programme Social Mobilisation and Institution Development (SM & ID) for the urban poor through Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihood Mission (DAY-NULM). It envisages mobilisation of urban poor households into a three tiered structure with Self-Help Groups (SHGs) at the grass-root level, Area Level Federations (ALFs) at the slum / ward level and City-level Federations (CLFs) at the city-level. The urban poor family members are organised to form the groups, trained and oriented for SHG management, Savings, financial inclusion, IGP planning, Skill development, Group and personal income generation programmes.

SWATI has been implementing National Urban Livelihood Mission with State Urban Development Agency in 16 wards consisting of 112 slums and 47622 households of Bhubaneswar Municipal Corporation, 10 wards of Berhampur Municipal Corporation, 17 wards of Boudh NAC and 13 wards of Phulbani NAC with a Tri-Party Agreement (State Urban Development Agency, Bhubaneswar Municipal Corporation and SWATI) since 2016.

## Aims and Objectives of the Project

This Programme is aimed at mobilisation of urban poor households to form their own institutions is an important investment for an effective and sustainable poverty reduction programme. The Main objective of this project is to reduce poverty and vulnerability of the urban poor households by enabling them to access gainful self-employment and skilled wage employment opportunities, resulting in an appreciable improvement in their livelihoods on a sustainable basis, through building strong grassroots level institutions of the poor.

## Activities and Achievements

SWATI has promoted 135 new WSHGs at Bhubaneswar and facilitated 149 WSHGs at Behampur, 94 at Phulabani and 112 WSHGs at Bouda municipal area It has organised and oriented all the WSHG members on Book keeping, thrift and Credit, Bank linkage, IGP planning and income generation activities.



Organization has provided revolving funds to 490 SHGs and arranged group loan for 168 SHGs for different income

generation activities. 120 SHGs of Bhubaneswar have mobilised total 1,34,25,000 rupees Bank loan from different financial institutions to run their business.

Total 140 SHGs are continuing different Income generation activities like Tailoring, Dry food business, Saree, Readymade garment, Grocery shop, Phynaile making, Snacks making, Mudhi Mixture, Agarabati making, Spices and Masala Business, ladies corner, boutique, Napkin Business, Badi, pampad and pickles, decorative plastic flowers and road side vending.

The organisation also formed 39 Ward level and 30 Cluster Level Federations of SHGs . The SHGs and Federations are taking part in different social service activities like colony sanitation, mother and child care, Police public interface and other welfare activities in colony. The SHGs are also observing national and international days like Independence Day, Republic Day, Women Day, Labour Day.

The Annual Income of SHG Families has increased to 30% through IGP activities and so also their savings.

The women groups are organized to take participation in different awareness and social mobilisation works like anti liquor campaign, maintaining peace in slums and resolving family disputes, ward level sanitation etc. The Women federations of Bhubaneswar Municipal Corporation have started campaign against liquor in the city.

The WSHG members of Bhubaneswar Municipal Corporation have taken responsibilities to collect electricity bill as Bidyut Sathi, Water bill as Jala Sathi and to supervise sanitation as Swachha Sarhi.

The WSHG members of Phulbali Municipality have distributed cooked foods and dry foods to the migrant labours at the time of Corona shutdown. Similarly they had initiated awareness campaign on hand washing, mask use, social distance and other Corona prevention measures.

The WSHG members have distributed free Masks in slums in their respective areas.

SWATI has organized conventions of Women SHGs and discussed issues related to violence against women, women atrocities, health, education, sanitation, drinking water, power supply, women right and women atrocity. The groups are organized to place the issues of their own slums in different government offices and municipal corporation offices.

### Impact



This Programme has created a great impact in Socio economic and political life of poor households in the city. Though the programme is mainly concentrated on women it has empowered them financially and socially. They are getting more courage and confidence from group activities and capable to choose different livelihood options.

Annual Income of SHG Families has increased to 30% through IGP activities and so also their savings. Above 95% of group members have opened their personal saving account and enrolled in different financial policies and insurance policies.

This Programme has enabled the poor women to form groups, create group funds, internal money lending, accounts keeping, IGP planning and cooperative business. It has educated them on financial inclusion process, Banking system, Loan process of financial institutions, small business and enterprise development, Market study and marketing of homemade products.

Their involvement in different social and institutional activities have increased their awareness level and reflected on their personal family life. Their concern on child education, health and sanitation, savings and expenditure has increased positively.

The incidents of women atrocity and violence against women have reduced. The exploitation practice by the middle men in money lending process has reduced.

This economic empowerment process has strengthened the decision making ability of women in the family, position of the women in family and community and their access and control of rights and provisions.

The orientation process of the programme has enabled the SHG members to build relationship with Banks, Government Offices, Business organizations, administrators and people's representatives.

The Process of building federation of women SHGs has created a platform to share their issues and enhanced their decision taking ability. The federations are also growing as a pressure group to access the government provisions.



## **Economic Development of Tribal Families through Focused Area Development Program (FADP)**

### **Project Background**

The initiative is anchored on convergence with ITDA to plan & support livelihood enhancement projects by converging with various National & State programmes and external donors. SWATI is implementing Focused Area Development Program (FADP) in 889 villages of 48 Gram panchayats in 3 Blocks of Phulbani ITDA Area covering 2017.61 square kilometre and 1,74,846 population, out of which the tribal population is 96,610. Similarly in 9 Blocks of Baliguda ITDA Area covering 6511.54 square kilometer and 4,50,277 population, out of which the tribal population is 2,45,210.

### **Aims and Objectives of the Project**

The main objective of this programme is Economic development of ST families through implementation of various livelihood enhancement projects with “Individual family/Group of families” as the target group. It has four major activities such as; Improved Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry and Skill development of Tribal Youth.

### **Activities and Achievements**

SWATI; being a partner NGO working in association with ITDA, facilitating community mobilisation, programme arrangement, survey, identification & selection of beneficiaries for different activities, PRA, planning, participate in implementation process, post follow-up of implemented activities, handholding support to beneficiaries etc. SWATI has been also facilitating in formation & promotion of CBOs with special emphasis on WSHGs along-with their

involvement in various locally feasible income generating activities for socio-economic empowerment.

The Organisation has been organising Awareness building on different govt. Schemes/ programmes, supply of safe drinking water to all families, literacy promotion, community health development, Natural Resource Management, employment/ self-employment generation for unemployed masses, capacity building of different groups on their working area concern, lobby & advocacy for food security & social security are the activities under taken by this institution along-with ITDA's planned activities.



Different activities like Plantation, Promotion of livelihood activities through SHGs, Agricultural developmental activities, Poultry development, Fishery Development, Bee Keeping, Skill development training and Placement Linkage are implemented through Phulbani and Baliguda ITDA for the sustainable economic development of the villagers.

During this year seed, seedling and other agricultural supports given for vegetable farming, Maize cultivation, Sweet corn cultivation, Pulses, Millet and oil seeds cultivation in FADP villages.

To strengthen horticulture based livelihoods the farmers are supported for Horticulture Plantations and Maintenance, Wadi Plantation & Maintenance, intercropping and compost preparation in FADP villages of both ITDA.

To enhance the income of families through non-farm livelihood, supports are given for Backyard Poultry and Pisciculture, Bee Keeping, skill based activities and small business.

The unemployed youths are sponsored in Placement linked employability training (PLET) and Skill Development Training (SDT) courses. They are sponsored for different life skill activities like Driving, Tailoring, Electrician, Electronics and ANM courses through different government skill development programs.

The farmers are encouraged for improved agricultural practice and trained on HYV seeds/ seedlings, line sowing, SRI cultivation, cropping seasonality, fertilisation, introduce of improved implements, seed purgation, techniques of ground water recharge etc.

### **Impact**

The agriculture developmental activities have increased agricultural and Horticultural production, given employment and income opportunity for farmers and also provided food and nutrition security to the families.

The Plantation activities has provided a sustainable income source to the families, increased the fruit production in the area, encouraged the farmers for farm based cultivation and market based production and also created a green belt in villages.

The Women self-help groups have increased their income through different income generation activities and it has empowered them economically and socially.

The nonfarm livelihood opportunities have strengthened the income of landless and poor families. The placement linked employability training course has given employment opportunity to the unemployed youth of the area.



## Stress Tolerant Rice Variety (STRV) promotion Programme to Increase the Rice Production in drought prone areas

### Project Background

Usually the tribal farmers face low production problem in rice cultivation due to shortage of good and high yielding variety of seeds. The poor farmers can't store seeds separately and use those as food grain in the lean periods. Similarly they can't procure healthy seeds due to lack of scientific knowledge and technics in seed selection, collection and storage. So to increase the production of rice and to initiate climate resilient agriculture in drought prone areas, SWATI is implementing Stress tolerant Rice Variety (STRV) promotion Programme in 200 acres land of 357 farmers in 4 GPs of Kandhamal district with the support from International Rice Research Institution (IRRI).

### Aim and Objectives of the Program

The Program is aimed to improve the knowledge and skill of farmers on Stress tolerant Rice Variety (STRV) cultivation and increase in production. The main objectives of this programme are, adoption of STRV by the farmers, Farmers Knowledge development on quality seed production, Farmers skill development on scientific agricultural practice and inclusion of different stakeholders like farmers group, SHGs and user groups and different resource groups like government agricultural officials, agriculture experts in this process.

## Activities and Achievements

During this year 408 farmers of 19 villages have cultivated STRV seeds on their 200 hectares land. They are supported 7675 kilogram STRV seeds like DRR-44 and BINA-11 in subsidy rate.

The farmers are oriented on process of H2H & Cluster demonstration initiation, Orientation on of seedling and planting process, fertilizers and weeding process. Trainings are given to farmers & SHG members on quality seed production (QSP).



Local Krushaka Sathis are identified and trained for better implementation of the Process, Crop cutting and measuring the yield quantity.

On field demonstration, Farmers follow up, field supervision and on field discussions are arranged by agriculture professionals and resource persons.

## Impact

The paddy productivity have increased by 30%

The incremental income of targeted farmers from existing land resources and inputs enable them to manage their family expenses in a much better way.

The interest on use of HYV paddy seed seems enhanced among the rural farmers as well as the farmers of adjourn villages

Knowledge on quality seed selection, collection & storage, crop protection, water conservation measures seems enhanced among target beneficiaries.





## HEALTH

Health service is one of the top most priorities of the social development and it is the basic need and right to live of the people. The United Nation has also given priority to this in its Sustainable Development goal no – 3 to ensured good health and well-being for all at all ages. Health Program of SWATI has evolved over the years as an important anchorage of its engagement with the community. During the initial years of Organization, it was confined to sensitization and awareness building and now it holds significance on account of its outreach and diversity. SWATI considers that health is a major concern for the undeveloped area and poor community and the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health is one of the fundamental rights of every citizen.

SWATI has been implementing numbers of programmes with the support of State and Central government's Health department and non-governmental organisations to address the health issues and needs of the area. In previous years, SWATI had implemented Malaria eradication Programme, Maternal Newborn Child Health and Nutrition (MNCHN) programme, V4 Sub-centre Programme, PEHCHAN for transgender community, Swacha Bharat Abhiyan and Community led Sanitation, Solid Liquid Waste Management and Vegi-cart in its project area.

All those programs have a good impact on community and resulted a healthy community life in villages. Reduce in Malaria, Increase in institutional Delivery, Reduce in child mortality rate, Development of sanitation, provision of drinking water facility, improvement in family health are some significant health development in SWATI working villages.

Health Programme of the Organisation at present; includes project on Maternity Waiting Home, Targeted Intervention Programme for AIDs awareness and treatment, Marriage No Child's Play ( MNCP ) to check the child marriage and to improve the adolescent health and awareness, Promote right for Adolescent & Children on Develop initiative programme (PRACDIP), Delivery Van and Bike Ambulance.



## Targeted Interventions (TI) for Prevention and care of HIV

### Project Background

Although Kandhamal district is a low prevalence district in the state, studies point out that there is a rapid increase in vulnerability of the population. Therefore, SWATI got a chance to come under the umbrella of NACP-IV & had signed MOU with **OSACS** to contribute prevention of HIV/AIDS in implementing **Targeted Intervention Project** for the Female Sex Workers with overall objectives of NACP-IV i.e. to halt and reverse the epidemic in India by integrating programs for prevention, care, support & treatment. SWATI has been implementing the Programme since 2010 for core group of FSWs spread across five blocks i.e; Khajuripada, Phulbani, Phiringia, Tikabali and G.Udayagiri covering 423 female sex workers (home based – 346 and Street based – 77 ).

### Aim and Objectives of the Program

Targeted interventions are aimed at offering prevention and care services to high risk populations ( Female Sex Workers- FSW, Male having Sex with Male- MSM and Injecting Drug Users- IDUs) within communities by providing them with the information, means and skills they need to minimize HIV transmission and improving their access to care, support and treatment services. To prevent infection through saturation coverage of high- risk groups, provide care, support and treatment to PLHA, strengthen the infrastructure,



system and human resources in prevention, care, support and treatment programme and strengthen strategic information management system,

Under this Project SWATI has taken different program activities like: Condom Promotion (Promotion/Distribution of Condoms)- Condom demonstration and distribution, Social Marketing and Establishment of Condom Outlet, Develop Inter-personal Behavior Changes Communication, Community Mobilization and IEC activities, STI Clinic provisions of services for Sexually Transmitted Infections, Establishment of Drop-in Centers, Establishment of STI clinic and health camp organisation for Referral and linkage service, Linkage to Integrated Counseling and Testing Centers (ICTC), Creation of enabling environment (Advocacy for Enabling Environment and enrolling more and more TGs through counseling and mobilization).

### Activities and Achievements

During this year total 95,645 Nos. of free condoms has been distributed by Peer Educators against demand of 1,05,852, and 3,401 Nos. sale through social marketing in 12 outlets.

#### Condom distribution 2019-2020:

Types of Condom	Target for Distribution	Distributed
<b>Fee Condom</b>	1,05,852	95,645
<b>Social Marketing Condom</b>	36,252	3.401
<b>Through Out Let</b>	---	Nil

SWATI has developed IEC materials in Odia language containing messages related to HIV/AIDS and Snake & Ladder Game to create awareness among the adolescent and youth on HIV/AIDS. It is helping the Key Populations to gain knowledge on HIV/AIDS during the play time. The materials are being distributed by the PE and outreach staffs during One to One session, One to Group Session, Focus Group discussion, Community events, Health camps, World AIDS Day, Vigilance week observation, International Women day, Exhibition etc.



Regular counselling, awareness generation & knowledge building has been taken up at the outreach level to increase the level of understanding on the routes of STI/HIV transmission and its relation to sexual practices by using BCC interventions among identified targeted population.

SWATI in collaboration with District Administration has observed the World AIDS Day in the district headquarters Phulbani also at field level at Khajuripada, Phiringia, Tikabali and

G.Udayagiri. The organization had also conducted Quiz Competitions for College students at Tikabali, Phiringia, Khajuripada, G.Udayagiri Colleges and distributed prizes to the winners.



The Identified Key Populations were referred to ICTC-1 at DHH, Phulbani and FICTC at G.Udayagiri, Tikabali, Phiringia and Khajuripada for quality HIV testing and counseling.

The Project has identified five PPP for scaling up the intervention through outreach level STI Clinic. All the PPP were government doctors and undergone training on SCM organized by OSACS. The Preferred Physicians are engaged for the treatment of the Key Populations & their partners. During

this period 5 No. of PPP clinics has established at Khajuripada, Phulbani, Phiringia, G.Udayagiri & Tikabali.

#### Testing details of 2019-2020

Types of Referral	Referred	Tested	Coverage Percentage (%)	Reactive/ Positive
RMC Visit	1606	1407	87.60	69
ICTC Testing	808	738	91.33	00
Syphilis Testing	808	736	91.09	00
TB Testing	171	91	53.22	00

SWATI has organized 2 health camps in the outreach areas Seskajodi of Phiringia and Dimirikhol of Khajuripada. It has conducted awareness program on TB, HIV/AIDS in 25 places of the TI project implementing areas.

The Organisation has conducted 3 Nos. of Finance literacy Programs for the HRGs including other women in Khajuripada, Phulbani and Kelapada of Phiringia to create awareness on finance.

A Blood Donation Camp is organized at Bandhagada Office in collaboration with SAMBAD AMA ODISHA. The Organisation also participated in PMSMA in every month, observed World Toilet Day, Swatchhata Abhiyan Pakshya, Jatiya Surakhita Matrutwa Diwas and other health awareness programs conducted by District Health Department in time-to-time.



During the Corona Pandemic period the Organisation organized awareness camps on Corona prevention, distributed free masks to the key persons and promote kitchen garden for the families.

### Impact

Due to this intervention adoption of safe sexual practice measured in terms of increased in use of condom has increased, risk level from high to low has reduced, the community understanding on sexual health and reproductive health, STI/RTI and accessing to clinical health service has increased.

The project has created an impressive impact towards checking the STI/HIV & AIDS infections in High Risk Behaviour Groups and the general population. It has created awareness and practice for Adoption of safe sexual practice measured in terms of increase in use of condom, increased understanding on the ways of that infection spreads, facilitated to accessing clinical health services and taken measures to reduce risk level from high to low.

The Project has also given an alternative income source to the Female Sex workers through different income generation trainings and facilitated to include in different social security schemes.

The project has organized the FSWs and given legal support and advocacy support to them, promoted their organization to fight for their rights and entitlements. The regular interaction, Orientation, counseling, clinical support and care by the organization have increased their self-confidence towards a healthy and purposeful life.





## Maternity waiting Home ( MAA GRUHA ) for safe and Institutional Delivery

### Project Background

Most of the villages in Kandhamal are situated in remote and inaccessible areas, far away from government health facilities. Villagers depend on traditional healers and local quacks for health service. Poverty and lack of awareness force them to adopt traditional health care practice since generations. Lack of money for treatment, distance of medical and health institutions from village, lack of government initiatives to provide health facilities at village level, inactive village level health institutions, absent of good doctors in medical, traditional bondage and many such problems have deprived the villagers from modern health care services.

Establishment of Maternity waiting homes in remote and inaccessible areas has been one of the initiatives designed under National Rural Health Mission to increase institutional delivery so that maternal mortality as well as Neo Natal Mortality could be reduced. Maternity Home not only provides accommodation facility to the pregnant mother, days before the expected date of delivery but also health care services by trained health professionals and includes provisions of nutritious food for the pregnant mothers.

SWATI has been managing one maternity waiting Home at Balandapada of Phiringia Block since August 2013 with the support of National Rural Health Mission of Government. The outreach area of the Maternity home covers six panchayats i.e Luising, Balandapada, Pahiraju, Krandibali, Kuerimandu and pakari.

## Aim and Objectives

The Program is aimed at providing health care for safe and Institutional delivery in remote villages. The Objectives are - To establish alternative support services for address inaccessible areas to ensure institutional delivery, To change Knowledge, Attitude & Practice of rural people towards Maternal and Child Health care and to ensure 100% Institutional Delivery in these remote areas SWATI has been managing the Maternity waiting Home.

## Activities and Achievements



At the Maternity waiting Home, there is a temporary care centre for Pregnant mothers where they can stay and wait for days for safe/Institutional delivery. There are accommodation and food facilities for pregnant mothers & her escorts, 24 X 7 hours service for attending cases and sifting to nearby Hospital for institutional delivery and Health education sessions for pregnant mothers using pictorial IEC materials.

During this year Total 349 Pregnant women have admitted and total 2853 person days stayed on an average of 7.78 at Maternity Waiting Home. Total 305 live birth and 16 still birth cases have recorded.

The Center has organized Mothers convention, Village discussions on Mother and Child health and food and nutrition camps in village level to enhance the awareness of the villagers on Mother and child care. It has encouraged and supported the families for kitchen garden and Nutritional garden promotion for food and nutrition security of pregnant mothers.

The responsibility holders of the Maternity waiting Home have been able to build rapport with the government duty bearers ( Doctor, Staff, Nurse, ANMs), grassroots health service providers ( ASHA, AWWs) and the Community, Panchayatiraj Representatives and leaders of the CBOs like SHGs & GKSs, The Coordinator and the Attendants participate in ICDS sector meetings, ASHA sector meetings and VHND sessions. The Center has awarded Anganawadi and ASHA in Gandhi Jayanti for their achievement for mother and child care.

During this year MLA Phulbani, DPM NHM, DTA NHM, Parisad Vice President of Kandhamal, CDPO, PhiringiaZilla, Health officials from Phiringia, Sarapanch and PS members of Balandapada, Pahiraju and Luising GP have visited the center and provided their valuable suggestions.

### Impact

Maternal mortality and Neo Natal Mortality has reduced 80% in the area and Institutional delivery referral cases to MWH have increased to 90%.

This programme has created confidence among pregnant mothers on institutional delivery and increased their awareness level on pregnancy care and Neonatal care. It has also created awareness on medical facilities and government provisions on delivery among the villagers.

It has given motivation to not believe blind beliefs, not to perform unhealthy rituals and not to depend on traditional healers and quacks. This programme has also activated the village level health institutions, Anganawadi centers and Gaon Kalyana Samiti activities.



## BIKE Ambulance and Delivery Van



To Ensure the Institutional Delivery of the Pregnant Mothers in inaccessible areas of Kandhamal district and to provide Ambulance facility at the door step SWATI has started BIKE AMULANCE and Delivery Van services in Phiringia Block area with the support of National Health Mission, Kandhamal. This Bike Ambulance service is covering 73 village and 3078 household of 4 panchayats i.e. Sadingia, Panga, Sumarabandha and and providing service to the villagers in free. This service is supporting in transportation of pregnant mothers and reducing the percentage of IMMR and MMR in the remote villages. This is also engaging in transporting sick persons/newborn children up to 5 year and emergency health care.

### Achievement of this Year in Bike Ambulance

Sl. No	Month & Year	Total P.M. Transported	Total other Patient Transported	Total Patient Transport
01	April	05	02	07
02	May	04	04	08
03	June	04	03	07
04	July	02	01	03
05	August	01	04	05
06	September	04	08	12
07	October	08	06	14
08	November	04	06	10
09	December	02	05	07
10	January	02	06	08
11	February	06	04	10
12	March	09	05	14
<b>Total</b>		<b>51</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>105</b>

Total 105 persons including 51 pregnant women have got ambulance facility from this.

Similarly SWATI is providing Delivery Van facility to the villagers of Phiringia Block with two staff nurses, two attendants and two drivers for on road delivery facility in Van. During this Year this Ambulance has given service to 432 Pregnant women for safe delivery.

### Achievement of this Year in Delivery Van

Sl. No	Month & Year	Total P.M. Transported	Institutional Delivery Occurred	Delivery Occurred in Van	Total Delivery Occurred
01	April	58	45	13	58
02	May	48	38	10	48
03	June	32	23	09	32
04	July	41	35	06	41

05	August	28	24	04	28
06	September	23	20	03	23
07	October	30	27	03	30
08	November	27	21	06	27
09	December	34	28	06	34
10	January	35	29	06	35
11	February	22	22	0	22
12	March	54	44	10	54
<b>Total</b>		<b>432</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>432</b>

These facilities have provided on door service in remote villages and created encouragement among the villagers on Institutional Delivery. It has also reduced the delivery risk in inaccessible villages.



**Promote right for Adolescent & Children on Develop initiative programme (PRACDIP) for Improvement of Mother & Child Health**

### **Project Background**

The remote and in inaccessible pockets of Kandhamal district are more vulnerable in including high rate of IMR and malnutrition. NFHS data shows that in Phiringia Block of Kandhamal District, the underweight status of children among age group 0-6 year is 54% and underweight

stunted (Growth in height per age) children percent is 53% and Wasted (Growth in weight per age) children% is 46%.

NFHS data also shows only 78% women in Phiringia block are taking IFA during pregnancy. Colostrum feeding practice is 89% and 14% new born babies are given cow milk, package milk and honey water just after birth which leads to infection and later on it has impacts towards malnutrition. According to NFHS Exclusive Breast feeding status till 6 month is 74% for this reason also children faces malnutrition in this age group. Health services in the area are very poor. Still traditional practices of medical care and delivery of pregnant women are going on. Status of institutional delivery in the area is 88% till now. So to improve the Community awareness and practice on Mother and Child health SWATI is implementing this Program. SWATI has initiated this programme from March 2019 in 4 GPs of Phiringia block i.e. Pahiraju, Kuermandu, Luising & Balandapada covering 75 villages and 3274 households with the support from Child Right and You (CRY).

### **Aim and Objectives**

The main objectives of this programme are to reduce down the incidents of infant and maternal mother deaths in the project intervention, reduce the level of severe underweight and severely acute malnutrition children rate among the children at early age of 6 months to the 5 years from the selected villages and reduce down the rate of anaemia among the adolescents and the pregnant mothers in the selected villages of the Phiringia Blocks of the Kandhamal district of the Odisha.



### **Activities and Achievements**

Activities taken on Community mobilization on institutional delivery preparedness, Joint meeting of mothers, parents, monitoring committees and AWW, Sensitization workshop with community leader, CBOs, PRIs on Access to primary health care, Felicitation Programme for mothers and service providers, Community meeting with mother and care givers on immunization, exclusive breastfeeding practices, food intake for pregnant mothers, ANC and PNC representatives, Facilitation in Immunization sessions, ICDS Sector meeting and G.P. MIS Meeting.



To address the Nutrition Issues the Organisation has organised Community sensitization meeting on need, means & ways of nutrition balanced diet for girls, mother and children, including healthy eating habits, Growth monitoring campaign, Support to SAM for linking to NRC, Orientation to AWWs on effective service delivery, Community Health training on ANC & PNC care, Orientation to SMC members on role and responsibility of VCPC and SMC members, Healthy

Baby Competition and Facilitation in VHND Sessions.

The Organisation has also organised District level sharing workshop on achievement and impact indicators of Health & Nutrition, Block level sharing workshop on different studies, Demand for New AWC, Demand for New Building of AWC, District Media interface on Health & Nutrition status, Advocacy Work shop at Block Level on availability of health care facilities at Sub-Centre and PHC involving BPM, CMO, Front line workers and elected, District level Interface on Health and Nutrition among children, Adolescent Convention on Stop Child marriage & arrest Malnutrition, Facilitation in ICDS Project meeting.

To improve the skill and knowledge of the stake holders the Organisation has delivered Training to GKS members on preparation of village health plan Demonstration programme with ICDS on cooking of THR (Take home ration), TOT on life skill education, Capacity building of Stakeholders such as GKS members, ASHA, ANM and Anganwadi Workers and Training programme for adolescents on life skill education.

Total 06 children of our intervention area were referred to NRC for increase their nutrition status who are in SAM through counselling to their parents and care givers by local AWWs, ASHA & ANM.

Total 09 Children of our operational area were immunized who are left out from their regular immunization schedule through deferent village level interventions.

Total 610 Children are mobilized to attend any VHND for develop their nutrition through weight, height measure and counselling sessions to parents and care givers.

Total 232 new born babies initiated for exclusively breast feed by their mothers

23 no's SAM & MAM children received advice from service providers for better nutritional status. 34 AWCs have organized nutrition related events like THR demonstration, food demonstration and healthy baby competitions in their centers

38 no's of village level meetings have conducted with parents and children for increase the attendance in schools and decrease drop out in schools. Total 57 sessions conducted for mothers group to sensitize on exclusively breast feed, immunization, colostrums feeding and ICDS services.



Promotion of kitchen gardens in the house of Pregnant & lactating mothers, Adolescents and 0-5 years of children for supplement the nutrition to address the malnutrition through planting backyard vegetable garden, planting papaya & Drumstic.

The Organisation has conducted a digital Survey of 246 locating Mothers through mobile calls.

### **Impact**

This Program has created a good impact on Mother and child health of this area and built a strong relationship between the ICDS and the community.

The institutional delivery rate has increased. Total 232 Pregnant Women delivered their Baby in any institution and make all delivery safe through deferent interventions. Total 18 Pregnant Women safe from many infections by taking two TT injections that are register in third trimester and also save the life of their child.

Total 232 Pregnant Women receive any one Government scheme during pregnancy & after delivery. Total 155 children were fully immunized by '0' doses of Polio, Hepatitis-B, BCG, three doses of Pentaviline, three doses of roota virus and missiles & Vitamin-A within the age 9-12 month in deferent immunization sessions.

29 adolescent groups formed in the intervention area for intervene with the children on life skill education. One adolescent convention is organized for sensitize a major group of adolescents on malnutrition and child marriage issues.

Steps has taken to stop 9 no's of child marriage through the intervention by adolescent groups and deferent local stakeholders like ASHA, AWW, PRI representatives and local leaders. The villagers awareness on child right protection has increased.

Anganawadi activities and VHND camps are regularised. The attendance in VHND, Mothers meeting and Different committee has increased.

Traditional blind practices and restrictions on Pregnancy care, Delivery, breast feeding etc are rectified. Villagers reach to different health institutions have increased.



## Village Contact Drive on Malaria Awareness – DAMAN

Kandhamal is known as one of the highly Malaria affected districts of Odisha because of its various factors like favourable climate, geo types, large forest coverage, difficulty in accessing remote and hilly villages and prevalence of efficient *Anopheles* mosquito vectors. The poor living condition of the people, poverty, food insecurity, lack of awareness about the disease, lack of medical facility and treatment by local quacks and healers are also factor of Malaria spreading in the area. The state Government has been implementing a Program DAMAN is an acronym for *Durgam Anchalare Malaria Nirakaran* (Malaria eradication in inaccessible areas) in Odia, to combat the disease. Around 320 extremely remote and inaccessible villages in Kandhamal district had been identified under DAMAN for targeted intervention since 2018. It had been decided that a medical team along with local volunteers and peer leaders will reach these villages for malaria test and medical intervention, in case of need, during the monsoon months. SWATI is facilitating the program in K.Nuagaon Block of Kandhamal District.

To create mass awareness on Malaria SWATI has organised Street Play in 25 interior villages. The street play groups were performed acting, folk dance and folk music to attract the people and used songs and dialogues in local language KUI to explain the causes and prevention methods of the Malaria Disease. They were also informed the villagers about the medical facilities, government facilities and self-precautions to prevent Malaria. Leaflet, pushing cards with malaria messages and quotations with pictorial messages were distributed to the villagers in the Contact Drive Camps.





## Gender Mainstreaming and Education

Gender mainstreaming is the process of ensuring that women and men have equal access and control over resources, development benefits and decision-making, at all stages of the development process. It is the process of assessing the implications for women and men of any planned action, including legislation, policies or programmes, in all areas and at all levels. It is a strategy for making women's as well as men's concerns and experiences an integral dimension of the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of policies and programmes in all political, economic and societal spheres so that women and men benefit equally and inequality is not perpetuated. The ultimate goal is to achieve gender equality. Gender role development is one of the most important areas of Community development. Gender and community development is a process towards sustainable way of community development incorporating all the gender with equal participation and involvement.



Gender Mainstreaming and Education are two major focussed area of SWATI's

Intervention. SWATI addresses both practical and strategic gender needs in its community development initiatives making it a cross-cutting issue across all the programmatic interventions of the Organisation. Issues and concerns of the women are factored into all the sectoral interventions through a concerted effort to enhancing women's participation. Livelihood programme of the Organisation has specific focus on promotion of women livelihoods. NRM interventions have been spearheaded by community organisation with maximum representation of Women. Health Programme of the Organisation has unambiguous focus on addressing the unmet health needs of the women. SWATI has genderised its personnel policy, formulated workplace policy and formed Committee against sexual harassment. Women component analysis has been integrated into all the tools and techniques of the planning, monitoring and evaluation devised by the organisation.



Similarly SWATI has been given priority for education of the community to strengthen their knowledge base and their informed decision making ability. The Education objectives of the organisation is broadly divided into three parts i.e. Institutional education, Awareness building and informative education and Skill based education. In Institutional education, SWATI has opened a Study Centre under National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS) to give the chance of higher study to the dropout students. Similarly SWATI has been running projects for Early Childhood Care and Education to create an environment for Children of 3-6 years have an opportunity for a quality preschool education. For Skill based Education the Organisation has been arranging regular trainings and orientations for skill development and facilitated the youth for technical and skill based trainings. To aware and educate the community people SWATI has been implementing awareness programmes on different government schemes, citizen rights and responsibilities. The Organisation has opened information centres and developed IEC materials such as leaflets, posters, handbooks and wall paintings for public education and dissemination of messages.



## **ANANYA – For Prevention of Child Marriage**

### **Project Background**

Child marriage is a violation of child rights, and has a negative impact on physical growth, health, mental and emotional development, and education opportunities. It also affects society as a whole since child marriage reinforces a cycle of poverty and perpetuates gender discrimination, illiteracy and malnutrition as well as high infant and maternal mortality rates. The situation is particularly alarming in the eastern state of Odisha. The prevalence of the practice is wider in the tribal populated backward districts of the state. Kandhamal district is one among those districts where this practice prevails traditionally among the tribal and rural villagers. Acute poverty, Lack of education, awareness, skill based education opportunity and strong belief on tradition has forced the villagers to follow this illegal practices.

SWATI in association with Save the Children is implementing ANANYA Project in 11 Gram panchayats of K. Nuagaon Block of Kandhamal District since 2016.

### **Aim and Objectives of the Project**

The project is aimed at changing harmful cultural practices that normalize child marriage whilst providing girls with Sexual and Reproductive Health knowledge and access to the services they need to make informed health decisions. Young people are able to decide if and when to marry

and pursue their Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights (SRHR) in a supportive environment.

The major activities of the programme are to provide girls and their communities with the tools and knowledge to stop early and forced marriages and give girls a better start in life. Providing alternatives to child marriage and mitigating the impact on married girls. Enhancing access to income generating opportunities for girls and their families, providing financial literacy training for girls to increase their ability and power in financial decision-making, Enhancing access to improved Child protection systems for girls at risk of child marriage and already married girls so that preventive and response measures can be taken, Increasing access to quality youth-friendly SRHR services (that are available, affordable, and acceptable and appropriate) for unmarried and married young people.



#### ANANYA Initiatives

Block Level Girl Federation : 1 Block

GP Level Girl Federation : 9 GP

Village Level Child Protection Committee: 100 villages

Strengthening & Establishing : 3 Nos SRADHA Clinics

Sexual Reproductive Health Rights Education : 2500 plus Adolescent boys & Girls

Life Skill Education to 4000 plus Adolescent boys & Girls

Adolescent Financial Literacy to 217 Girl at Risk

9 Information Dissemination Centre (IDC) for adolescent Girls in 9 Clusters

Child Marriage stopped/refused : 56 nos

Girls Football Team in 3 GPs

#### Activities and Achievement of this Year

SWATI has oriented adolescent groups ( Boys and Girls ) on cause and effect of Child marriage practice in the area, Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights (SRHR) and different Life skill educations. Total 502 Discussion Leaders are trained in 18 numbers of trainings.

The Organization has given trainings on Supply Chain Management to frontline health workers, Financial education training to girl at risk, Entrepreneur Development training to youth girls and Training on Paper Craft for Adolescents





The Organization has arranged mass awareness through Padayatra, Street play, Samavesh, School awareness program on child marriage prevention. It has also organized meetings with PRI members, Traditional heads, District Child right protection team, School teachers, Anganawadi and ASHA workers and Students on Child marriage prevention, Blind believes, Birth and Marriage registration etc.

The Organisation has arranged meetings with law enforcement officials, Convergence meeting with Govt. stake holders, Convention of VCPC Members, Convention of SMC Members, Media interface and Exposure visit to different essential Govt. workplaces.

29 adolescent girls are supported for starting income generation activities through Start up Support.

The Organisation has highlighted the child marriage issues of the area in legal forums and provided legal supports to the victims.

SWATI has taken different activities to strengthen the process by different thematic head, Capacity Building of PNGO Staff on Life Skill Education, SRHR, SMC & CPC, Data Base Creation, Cluster Plan Exercise, and Study & Survey: Base Line; Market Research, School Assessment, Doer & Non-Doer (Child Marriage).

The adolescents are provided health check-up and sexual reproductive health service through SHRADHA clinics.



The Organisation has arranged Football tournaments, cultural programmes, school level quiz and competitions for the encouragement of adolescents.

### Activities List

Major Activities Carried out	Achievement	No of Participants
L&B (Life Skill Education) to both boys and girls DL	18 numbers of training	502
Training on Supply Chain Management to frontline health workers	3 numbers of training	126
No. of Health Camp	4	178
Convention of VCPC Members	1	72
Convention of SMC Members	1	49
Financial education training to girl at risk	1	28
Providing Start up support to adolescent girl	29	
Media interface	1,	70
Convergence meeting with Govt. stake holders	6	203
Training/ Meeting with law enforcement officials	2	146
Exposure visit to different essential Govt. workplaces	5	216
Entrepreneur Development training to youth girls	1	34
Training on Paper Craft for Adolescents	1	64
Awareness on Blind believes and black magic	1	89
Awareness to district level officials	1	25
Promotion of Girls education	1	49
Awareness on birth and marriage registration to VCPC	49	670
Planning with VCPC member for child marriage free village	22	500

### Impact

Jhulima Mallick , the discussion leader of Ananya Girls Group of village Bandudi and Member of Block level federation has recieved the prestigious V-AWARD from UN House at New Delhi for her fearless work to end child marriage and promote education in her area. She is one among 10 awardees from the country and only one from the state. She is also awarded by the Rajasthan Government by the Rajasthan Chief Minister on the occasion of World Women's Day.

56 cases of Child marriage have stopped and solved. The process has given strength to the adolescents to say no to their family members for marriage in child age and to take self-decision on their own marriage. It has given a platform to them to discuss and decide about their own future related to marriage, Education, employment and other social aspects. It has also freed them from family pressure and burden on marriage and given scope to thinking independently to take decision about their marriage and future.

The Training, Exposure and linkage of the process to different legal forums and administration has given strength and confidence to adolescents to fight for their right to education, self-decision on marriage and future.

The Process has created awareness among the villagers about the adverse effect of Child marriage. Now they are well informed about the Social, Economic, Health and legal issues related to child marriage. The corporation of Traditional leaders, PRIs, Health workers, Child line members and Teachers in this process has created it more focused and influential.

The SHRADHA clinic facility has given health support and counselling to adolescents on different sexual health problems.

The life skill development training programs have provided opportunities for engagement, Higher Education, Employment and income generation to adolescents. SWATI has extended higher education support to 650 School dropout and those are at risk of child marriage. Similarly in support of ASRHR, SWATI has provided engagement and employment opportunity to educated adolescents those are at risk.



**Naveen Patnaik**  
Dec 10 at 12:30 • 🌐

Congratulate Jhulima Mallick from Kandhamal on receiving #UNICEF V Award for her exemplary work to end child marriage & promote girls' education. Hailing from a tribal family, her fight against child marriage is an inspiration for others.

<https://ommcomnews.com/odisha-news/tribal-odia-girl-wins-un-award-for-fighting-child-marriage>



OMMCOMNEWS.COM  
**Tribal Odia Girl Wins UN Award For Fighting Child Marriage**

The Start-up supports has encouraged the girls to start own income generation activities and self-sufficiency.

During the Corona Pandemic period the Adolescent Group members have taken responsibility on community awareness creation, Mask use, Hand wash, social distancing and arrangement of returnee migrants.



## Early childhood Care and Education (ECCE)

### Project Background

Generally the remote tribal pockets are far behind in Early Childhood Care and quality Child Education. Though ICDS project and Anganawadi is taking responsibility for this, but in many tribal areas it is not functioning well. Lack of infrastructural development and community awareness, poverty, community importance on child education and many other causes are there. So to create education opportunity for children from the most marginalised communities SWATI is implementing Early Childhood Care and Education in Phiringia block of Kandhamal district with the support from Save the Children.

SWATI is implementing ECCE programme in 122 villages covering 14 GPs and 6 ICDS sectors of Phiringia Block with 100 Anganawadi centres and 50 Primary schools. Total 2310 children under 3 years age and 1954 children of 3 to 6 year age group are treated through this programme.



## Aim and Objectives

The objectives of the programme are - Create an environment for Children of 3-6 years have an opportunity for a quality preschool education and are better prepared to be school ready and reach their full potential, Increase access to a child-friendly learning environment in state run preschools (Anganwadi Centres) and ensure a smooth transition to primary schools, Enhancement of the capacity of ICDS workers and early grade school teachers to



provide caring, stimulating and healthy learning environments for children and engage with government and other relevant stakeholders to prioritise pre-school education with evidence based research on the impact of quality early education. The four dimensions of this project are Ready Children, Ready Families, Ready Schools and Ready System.

## Activities and Achievements of this year

Formation and strengthening of Mata PalakSamiti / Anganwadi Development Committee members (*Matru & Janch Committees*) in 100 AWCs and School Management Committees in 50 schools

Training and Orientation sessions are organised for parents on Teaching and Learning material preparation. 781parents were oriented on ELM at home and now taking initiative to teach their children in home and sending their children to Anganwadi centres.

Trainings are organised for AWWs, teachers and ASFs on preparing low cost / no cost resource materials for children.



The Organisation has organised Quarterly Interface Meeting, District Level Convergence Workshop on Early Childhood Care and Education, AWC Helper Refresher Training On ELM, TLM Exhibition cum Preparation of Workshop for AWW, Teachers and Parents, Consultation of district level teacher's PEDAGOGICAL FORUM, Quarterly Interface Workshop With All Stakeholders On Pre-School Education and Orientation on early grade teachers on early literacy and math.

Books are provided to 50 schools for developing the reading habits or atleast listening habits of children. 40% children have developed the listening habits. 50 nos. of reading buddies have been formed at schools where children can avail facilities of library books, classes etc



Total 19 (12+7) centres are covered under BLES spacious Infrastructure. The centres are decorated with attractive pictures and learning information and provided teaching materials and playing materials.

AWWs are capacitated on ECCE; school readiness skills, developmental domains like Language, Cognitive, Physical, Social and Emotional development, and on tools to assess school readiness skills through trainings and orientations.

Regular school visit, home visit, counselling to parents to address drop out and irregular children

Observation of ECC Day in Anganawadi centers on 19<sup>th</sup> of each month to resolve the issues and create encouragement

Convergence with Govt. Schemes like SSA, ICDS supported to AWC for better qualitative education for the children of early learning education.

Regularisation of Anganawadi programmes, activities of Matru committees and janch committees to ensure their active role in running of Anganwadi centres.

Observation of different national and international days, wash and sanitation activities have done in Anganawadi and school level. The organisation has organised GP level Sishu mela and Block level Sishu mela to improve the sport skills and cultural skills.

### **Impact**

In 63 villages Parents are preparing Teaching Learning Materials at home and encourage children learning activities.

This process has encouraged the parents, AWWs and teachers to give importance on early childhood care and education and the attracted the children to centers and schools. Now attendance has increased to 90% above in centers. 85 % AWWs are conducting pre-school education classes as per ICDS norms and schedule.

723 children are smoothly transitioned to school and smartly engaged in class

206 ICDS functionaries and 84 primary teachers imparted different trainings and follow the same in project areas

TLM library has been developed and displayed in 74 AWC and 37 schools

70% of trained ICDS workers and early grade school teachers have started practicing child centric and activity

based classroom transaction processes. 65% of intervention schools have functional school libraries.



The responsibility of the community for early child care and education has increased. Now Parents are giving more importance on their children health and education. Villagers are taking care of Anganawadi centres and demanding for construction and repair of the centres in Panchayat and Block level.

## National Institute of Open Schooling ( NIOS)

SWATI has established a Study Center under National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS) at Bandhagada helping the dropout children gain access to formal education since 2011. In 2006-07 when the organization had joined with FVTRS through skill development programmes, it had surveyed to find out the percentage of dropouts and planned to enroll them for higher education and education. In 2011 FVTRS started support to SWATI for opening the National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS) center at Bandhagada accredited as AI-AVI-SLEID. Now NIOS is providing the following supports to Dropouts through Study center.

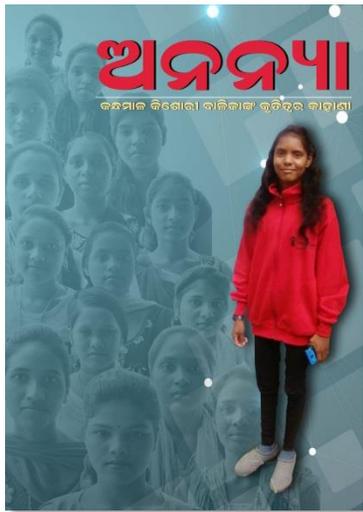
Offline enrollment, examination registration, study material distribution, personal contact programmes and conduct practical examination.

NIOS is trying to create a friendly environment between student and facilitators for a easy learning process through different workshops and training programmes

NIOS is trying to contact directly with the learners for smooth communication by issuing ID card till getting their certificate.

Since inception total 795 students have been registered in NIOS, Out of them 625 Students have appeared the examination. Total 372 students have passed out from the Institute. The total success percentage is 60%, out of which 40% students are continuing their Higher Study and 20% students have got jobs in various sector.

## STUDY RESEARCH AND DOCUMENTATION



Documentation' plays an important role in effective functioning and success of an organization. Holistically, it goes beyond the rhetoric of routine reporting on programmes and activities. SWATI believes that Good documentation and communication are crucial for creating a favourable environment for the programme/project in the organization and the community. Documentation of success stories, innovative experiments facilitate

intensive learning, training, advocacy, programme planning, public relations, review and sharpening of goal and vision of implementing organization. With the broadening and deepening of the developmental interventions SWATI has enriched its internal as well as external documentation. It prepares quarterly, half yearly reports and publishes Annual report of the organization.

SWATI has published "Eei Matira Katha" and "Jibanadhara" books on Livelihood and Health. SWATI has also published posters, brochures and leaflets on MNREGS, FRA and PESA, Malaria, AIDs, Environment and Swachha Bharat Abhiyan. SWATI has published hand books on Jangala Jami Adhikar (Odia), developed and distributed public education materials on MGNREGS, Mother and Child health and Women rights.

This year SWATI has published the case story Book ANANYA, which elaborates the initiative of Adolescent girls to prevent Child marriage in community. Similarly It has published another Book Ankur on its experience in Early Childhood Care and Education in Phiringia block of Kandhamal district.

SWATI has prepared Audio Visual Documentary on MGNREGS, Agriculture, DBI, Tribal Development, WADI, Hydro Project, Maternal Newborn Child health and Nutrition and Malaria. SWATI has also developed an audio CD on different development themes. To educate the villagers and to disseminate information SWATI has opened panchayat level information centers and public library at Paburia, Bandhagada and Phulbani.

The Organisation has also its own website: [www.swatiodisha.org](http://www.swatiodisha.org) with all updates of its programmes, activities, reports and information.



## Panchayati Raj and Governance

Governance is wider than government which ensures the responsibility and accountability of various communities i.e. government and the civil society. For the upliftment of rural communities there is an emergence of delivering better service by using information technology and giving better quality of life at grass roots. For this there is a need to strengthen democracy through good governance. So SWATI has been always given importance to strengthen the community empowerment processes in its projects and activities. SWATI has been promoting different community based organisations and given them orientation to act for community rights and interest. It has been implementing PRI, Good Governance and Social Justice programmes to empower, educate, aware and organise the community enabling them to access their citizen rights and government programmes and schemes and to participate actively in governance process.

Under this initiative SWATI has strived to strengthen the structure, system and procedures of governance imparting capacity building trainings to PRI members, sensitization, Knowledge and skill building of the community and handholding support for realization of rights and entitlements are the mandates of the initiative. Constant endeavour in strengthening community based organisations and networking of CBOs to create a pressure group and facilitation of planning and its execution has impacted the lives and livelihoods of the partner community.

Due to this initiative community participation especially women participation in panchayatiraj system has increased a lot. Villagers have gained knowledge on different schemes and programmes of the government and RTI and other constitutional rights. The community organisation process has empowered them to execute their citizen's right and to guide the development programmes in village level.

## Social Audit

Social Audit is the transparency mechanism to evaluate the programme process, implementation strategy and expenditure with the stake holders. SWATI has a long experience on Social Audit though it was facilitating the Process in 4 Kandhamal, Khordha and Ganjam district in association with state government and District Administrations in the year 2018. On



this basis of experience and expertise the Organisation is conducting social audit of its own projects with the community resource persons, Organisational general body members and Local PRI members. The main Objective of this process is to access the physical and financial gaps between needs and resources available for local development, create awareness with the community about the project planning and Implementation process and to collect experience from community on implementation of projects. The Organisation hopes that this process will enable the community to take responsibility in follow up activities and future maintenance.

## Formation and Strengthening of CBOs



The Community based Organisations promoted by SWATI are playing vital role in Local self-Governance. The SHGs, Farmers groups and Village Development Committees are acting as pressure groups in implementation of developmental programs at village level. The capacity building trainings given by the Organisation have increased the awareness and information level of the community people on different

government provisions and schemes. It has enabled them to participate actively in Gramsabha decisions, village level program planning, beneficiary selection for different social security programmes and guiding the implementation work. The youth mobilisation initiative by the organisation has opened the possibility of emerging good leadership among the young mass.

## Advocacy and Awareness

SWATI has been taken many advocacy steps to safeguard the community and citizen rights. It has also implemented many programmes to strengthen the community demands, Right to information, Forest land Right, MGNREGA right, women right and Child right etc. It has been arranging regular interface of professionals, law makers, administrative persons, Civil society

organisations and media persons on different issues. All these initiatives have empowered the community people to fight for their justice.

The Organisation has also taken steps to aware the community on their constitutional, Economic and survival Rights through hand books, leaflets, VDO shows and conventions. During the time of election it has created awareness on peoples voting right among the community. Similarly it has been arranging campaigns on MGNREGA, Forest land right, Educational right, Food security and child protection right.

## Social watch monitoring

To collect data and to monitor poverty eradication and gender equality process in community the Organisation has developed its own mechanism in association with community leaders, SHG leaders and village youth. It has strengthening the coping mechanisms and facilitating government provisions to eradicate poverty. Similarly it has been given importance on women empowerment, women economic growth and leadership strengthening to break the gender description process in the community.

## AN APPEAL

SWATI, a non-governmental voluntary organization has been working since 1997 in the field of Tribal and Rural development. Its initial engagement in the Natural Resource Development has broadened its programme and activities as well as its perspective helping its take a holistic approach of the lives and livelihood. The present shift has been towards adoption of the livelihood approach rather than a sectoral approach to resource management.

Not only there has been adoption of a holistic perspective, the interventions during these years have established models for propagation and replication. SWATI has planned for further diversification of its activities in the coming days. Keeping in mind the recent change in the society; SWATI has planned to establish an Old Age Home and a Shelter for Homeless Children. Its modalities will be worked out further, once the idea gets across and the individuals and organizations build partnership with SWATI for the cause.

SWATI solicits donations from individuals as well as organizations to contribute for the noble cause. The Organization has been registered under 80G for the donor and contribution to get exemption as per the provision under Income Tax Act.

At the same time SWATI pledges to remain accountable to the donor and contributors and promises to take all the measures for effective utilization of the funds so that the noble cause for which the contribution made is realized.

## STATUTORY INFORMATION

Statutory Auditor	:	M/s. Anil Patro & Associates, Bhubaneswar
Internal Auditor	:	Dharani and Company, Bhubaneswar
Legal Advisor	:	Adv. Ratikanta Mohapatra, Bhubaneswar
Bankers	:	State Bank of India, Paburia/Gutingia/Sarangada/ G.Udaygiri/ Phulbani/Tumudibandha, Berhampur ADB, G.Udaygiri, UGB Phulbani/Belaghar, Andhra Bank, Gosani Nuagaon, Podamari
Public Information Officer	:	Er. Hari Sankar Rout, Secretary, SWATI
First Appellate Authority	:	Prasanta Satapathy, Chairman, SWATI

GOVERNANCE				HUMAN RESOURCE PROFILE				
Category	Male	Female	Total	Level	Male	Female	TG	Total
GB Member	4	3	7	<5000	22	21		39
General Body Member	7	4	11	<10000	29	15	2	41
Full time staff	52	47	99	<15000	8	6		13
Part Time staff	9	6	15	<20000	7	3		8
				>20000	4			2
				Total	70	45	2	103

## SWATI GOVERNING BODY & GENERAL BODY MEMBERS

Name of the Board member	Address	Gender	Position in the Board
Mr Prasant Satapathy	Plot no – 219/1386/2632,Bhubaneswar - 751001, Dist: Khurda, Odisha Mob – 9437242872, E-mail: prasantasatapathy@gmail.com	Male	Chairman
Mrs. Rasmirekha Khatua	At – Nadikhandi Sahi, PO – Phulbani – 762001, Dist – Kondhamal, Odisha Mob – 9438061108, E-mail: bnkhatua@rediffmail.com	Female	Vice-Chairperson
Er. Hari Sankar Rout	At – Pradhan Colony, PO – G.Udayagiri– 762100, Dist – Kondhamal, Odisha. Mob – 9437186128, E-mail: swati_pab@yahoo.co.in	Male	Secretary
Mr. Santanu Kumar Mishra	At – Amala pada, PO – Phulbani – 762001, Dist – Kondhamal, Mob – 9437192365, E-mail: paribes_plb96@rediffmail.com	Male	Treasurer
Mrs. Premasi Nayak	District Programme Officer, OLM, Dhenkanal, Mob - 9437359381	Female	G.B Member
Mrs. Sujata Mohapatra	K-4, LIG - 744, Kalinga Nagar, Po – Patrapada, Bhubaneswar - 751019, Dist: Khurda, Odisha, Mob – 9861732858, E-mail- Sujjiosam@gmail.com	Female	G.B Member
Mr. Prasanta Kumar Mishra	At /PO – Tikabali, Dist – Kondhamal Odisha- 762010. Mob - 9437765167	Male	G.B Member
Mrs. Santana Nayak	At – Nuasahi, PO – G.Udayagiri– 762100, Dist – Kondhamal, Odisha, Mob - 9438043680	Female	General Member
Mr. Lal Nanda Pradhan	At /PO – Paderi pada, Tala Dandikia, Via – Bandhagada, Dist – Kondhamal , Odisha, Mob - 9439267104	Male	General Member
MrJimuta Prasad Mishra	MIG- 2, 27/1, OSHB Colony, Chandrasekharpur Bhubaneswar, Dist – Khurda, Odisha, Mob - 9337103930 , E-jimutamishra@gmail.com	Male	General Member
Mr.Prasanta Kumar Das	At – Nuasahi, PO – G.Udayagiri– 762100, Dist – Kondhamal, Odisha, Mob – 7750009500, E-mail – tukuonly@gmail.com	Male	General Member



## **SWATI Pays Homage to Mahatma Gandhi on his 150th Anniversary**

**Social Welfare Agency and Training Institute ( SWATI )**  
**Kandhamal, Odisha, India**  
**[www.swatiodisha.org](http://www.swatiodisha.org)**  
**Email - [swati\\_pab@yahoo.co.in](mailto:swati_pab@yahoo.co.in)**

### **Adminstrative Office**

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**Odisha - 762112**

### **Registered Office**

**At - Trinath Temple Sahi**  
**Po - Gosani Nuagaon, Berhampur**  
**Ganjam - 760003**

### **Project Office**

**Paburia, Kandhamal**  
**G.Udayagiri, Kandhamal**  
**Bandhagada, Kandhamal**  
**Tumudibandha, Kandhamal**  
**Balandapada, Kandhamal**  
**Collage square, Phulbani**  
**BhanjaNagar, Ganjam**  
**Jagannath Prasad, Ganjam**  
**Unit - 8, Bhubaneswar**